## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## HOUSE BILL 1546

Chapter 158, Laws of 2005

59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

NATUROPATHIC MEDICINE

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/24/05

Passed by the House March 8, 2005 Yeas 81 Nays 15

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 12, 2005 Yeas 31 Nays 12

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved April 22, 2005.

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1546** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

April 22, 2005 - 4:06 p.m.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

## HOUSE BILL 1546

Passed Legislature - 2005 Regular Session

## State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

**By** Representatives Clibborn, Bailey, Cody, Skinner, Chase, Campbell, McIntire and Dickerson

Read first time 01/27/2005. Referred to Committee on Health Care.

1 AN ACT Relating to naturopathic physicians; amending RCW 18.36A.020 2 and 18.36A.040; and creating a new section.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 18.36A.020 and 1991 c 3 s 87 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 7 this section apply throughout this chapter.

8 (1) "Department" means the department of health.

9 (2) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's 10 designee.

11 (3) "Naturopath" means an individual licensed under this chapter.

12 (4) "Committee" means the Washington state naturopathic practice 13 advisory committee.

14 (5) "Educational program" means ((a)) <u>an accredited</u> program 15 preparing persons for the practice of ((<del>naturopathy</del>)) <u>naturopathic</u> 16 <u>medicine</u>.

17 (6) "Nutrition and food science" means the prevention and treatment 18 of disease or other human conditions through the use of foods, water, 19 herbs, roots, bark, or natural food elements. (7) "Manual manipulation" or "mechanotherapy" means manipulation of
 a part or the whole of the body by hand or by mechanical means.

(8) "Physical modalities" means use of physical, chemical,
electrical, and other noninvasive modalities, including((7)) but not
limited to heat, cold, air, light, water in any of its forms, sound,
massage, and therapeutic exercise.

7 (9) "Homeopathy" means a system of medicine based on the use of 8 infinitesimal doses of medicines capable of producing symptoms similar 9 to those of the disease treated, as listed in the homeopathic 10 pharmacopeia of the United States.

(10) (("Medicines of mineral, animal, and botanical origin" means 11 12 medicines derived from animal organs, tissues, and oils, minerals, and 13 plants administered orally and topically, excluding legend drugs with 14 the following exceptions: Vitamins, minerals, whole gland thyroid, and substances as exemplified in traditional botanical and herbal 15 16 pharmacopoeia, and nondrug contraceptive devices excluding interuterine 17 devices. The use of intermuscular injections are limited to vitamin B-12 preparations and combinations when clinical and/or laboratory 18 evaluation has indicated vitamin B-12 deficiency. The use of 19 controlled substances is prohibited.)) "Naturopathic medicines" means 20 21 vitamins; minerals; botanical medicines; homeopathic medicines; hormones; and those legend drugs and controlled substances consistent 22 with naturopathic medical practice in accordance with rules established 23 24 by the secretary. Controlled substances are limited to codeine and testosterone products that are contained in Schedules III, IV, and V in 25 26 chapter 69.50 RCW.

(11) "Hygiene and immunization" means the use of such preventative techniques as personal hygiene, asepsis, public health, and immunizations, to the extent allowed by rule.

(12) "Minor office procedures" means care and procedures incident 30 thereto of superficial lacerations, lesions, and abrasions, and the 31 32 removal of foreign bodies located in superficial structures, not to include the eye; and the use of antiseptics and topical or local 33 anesthetics in connection therewith. "Minor office procedures" also 34 includes intramuscular, intravenous, subcutaneous, and intradermal 35 36 injections of substances consistent with the practice of naturopathic 37 medicine and in accordance with rules established by the secretary.

(13) "Common diagnostic procedures" means the use of venipuncture 1 2 ((to withdraw blood)) consistent with the practice of naturopathic medicine, commonly used diagnostic modalities consistent 3 with naturopathic practice, health history taking, physical examination, 4 radiography, examination of body orifices excluding endoscopy, ((and)) 5 laboratory medicine ((which obtains)), and obtaining samples of human 6 7 tissue<u>s</u> ((products)), ((including superficial scrapings)) but excluding ((procedures which would require surgical)) incision or excision beyond 8 that which is authorized as a minor office procedure. 9

10 (14) "Suggestion" means techniques including but not limited to 11 counseling, biofeedback, and hypnosis.

(15) "Radiography" means the ordering, but not the interpretation,
of radiographic diagnostic <u>and other imaging</u> studies and the taking and
interpretation of standard radiographs.

15 Sec. 2. RCW 18.36A.040 and 1991 c 3 s 89 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

17 Naturopathic medicine ((or naturopathy)) is the practice by 18 naturopaths of the art and science of the diagnosis, prevention, and 19 treatment of disorders of the body by stimulation or support, or both, 20 of the natural processes of the human body. A naturopath is 21 responsible and accountable to the consumer for the quality of 22 naturopathic care rendered.

23 The practice of ((naturopathy)) naturopathic medicine includes 24 manual manipulation (mechanotherapy), the prescription, administration, 25 dispensing, and use, except for the treatment of malignancies ((or 26 neoplastic disease)), of nutrition and food science, physical minor office procedures, homeopathy, ((certain)) 27 modalities, naturopathic medicines ((of mineral, animal, and botanical origin)), 28 29 immunization, nondrug contraceptive devices, common hygiene and diagnostic procedures, and suggestion; however, nothing in this chapter 30 31 shall prohibit consultation and treatment of a patient in concert with a practitioner licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW. No person 32 licensed under this chapter may employ the term "chiropractic" to 33 34 describe any services provided by a naturopath under this chapter.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. The secretary, in consultation with the 36 naturopathic advisory committee and the Washington state board of

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- 1 pharmacy, shall develop education and training requirements for the use
- 2 of controlled substances authorized under this act. The requirements
- 3 must be met by the naturopath prior to being authorized to prescribe
- 4 controlled substances under this act.
  - Passed by the House March 8, 2005. Passed by the Senate April 12, 2005. Approved by the Governor April 22, 2005. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 22, 2005.